No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
1.	BRUKINSA 80 mg capsules [Zanubrutinib 80mg]	INDICATION: BRUKINSA as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with mantle cell lymphoma (MCL) who have received at least one prior therapy This indication is approved based on overall response rate. Continued approval for this indication is contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial.	BEIGENE MALAYSIA SDN. BHD. Anchor Office 4, Level 4, Uptown 7, Jalan SS21/39, Damansara Utama, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor.

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
2.	XPOVIO 20mg Film-Coated Tablet [Selinexor 20 mg]	INDICATION: XPOVIO is indicated: • For the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), not otherwise specified, including DLBCL arising from follicular lymphoma, after at least 2 lines of systemic therapy who are not eligible for haematopoietic cell transplant. This indication is approved based on the response rate. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial(s). POSOLOGY: Treatment must be initiated and monitored under supervision of physicians experienced in the management of multiple myeloma and diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. Selinexor dosage for Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma The recommended dosage of selinexor is 60 mg taken orally on Days 1 and 3 of each week until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity. Dose modifications Table 1: Prespecified dose modification steps for adverse reactions Selinexor in combination with Bortezomib and Dexamethasone (SVd) Selinexor in combination with Dexamethasone (Sd) Selinexor for Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma DLBCL	DKSH MALAYSIA SDN. BHD. B-11-01, The Ascent, Paradigm, No. 1, Jalan SS7/26A, Kelana Jaya, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor.

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indicati	on			Product Registration Holder (PRH)	
		Recommended starting dose	100 mg once weekly	80 mg Days 1 and 3 of each week (160 mg total per week)	60 mg Days 1 and 3 of each week (120 mg total per week)		
		First reduction	80 mg once weekly	100 mg once weekly	40 mg Days 1 and 3 of each week (80 mg total per week)		
		Second reduction	60 mg once weekly	80 mg once weekly	60 mg once weekly		
		Third reduction	40 mg once weekly	60 mg once weekly	40 mg once weekly		
		Discontinue*					
		Recommended dos multiple myeloma Recommended dos in Table 4.	ot resolve, treatment shows age modifications for he and DLBCL are presonage modifications for no dification guidelines for ma	aematologic adverse re ented in Table 2 and n-haematologic adverse	I Table 3, respectively e reactions are presente	d	
		Adverse Reaction	on ^a Occurrence	Action			
		Haematologic ad					
		Thrombocytopaenia					

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication			Product Registration Holder (PRH)
		Platelet count 25,000 to less than 75,000/mcL	Any	Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose level (see Table 1).	
		Platelet count 25,000 to less than 75,000/mcL with concurrent bleeding	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1), after bleeding has resolved. 	
		Platelet count less than 25,000/mcL	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until platelet count returns to at least 50,000/mcL. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Neutropaenia			
		Absolute neutrophil count of 0.5 to 1.0 x 10 ⁹ /L without fever	Any	Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose level (see Table 1).	
		Absolute neutrophil count less than 0.5 x 10 ⁹ /L OR Febrile neutropaenia	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until neutrophil counts return to 1.0 x 10⁹ /L or higher. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Anaemia			

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication		Product Registration Holder (PRH)
		Haemoglobin less than 8.0 g/dL Any Any Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose (see Table 1). Administer blood transfusions a other treatments per of guidelines.		
		Life-threatening consequences (urgent intervention indicated) Any return to 8 g/dL or higher. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose lower (see Table 1). Administer blood transfusions a		
		 National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (NCI version 4.03. Table 3: Dose Modification Guidelines for Haematologic Adverse Reactions in I with Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma 	Í	
		Adverse Reaction Occurrence Action		
		Haematologic adverse reactions		
		Thrombocytopaenia		
		Platelet count 50,000 to less than 75,000/mcL Any Interrupt one dose of XPOVIO. Restart XPOVIO at the same level.	dose	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication			Product Registration Holder (PRH)
		Platelet count 25,000 to less than 50,000/mcL without bleeding	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until platelet count returns to at least 50,000/mcL. Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose level (see Table 1). 	
		Platelet count 25,000 to less than 50,000/mcL with concurrent bleeding	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until platelet count returns to at least 50,000/mcL. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1), after bleeding has resolved. Administer platelet transfusions per clinical guidelines. 	
		Platelet count less than 25,000/mcL	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until platelet count returns to at least 50,000/mcL. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). Administer platelet transfusions per clinical guidelines 	
		Neutropaenia			
		Absolute neutrophil count of 0.5 to 1.0 x 10 ⁹ /L without fever	1 st occurrence	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until neutrophil counts return to 1 x 10⁹ /L or higher. Restart XPOVIO at the same dose level. 	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication			Product Registration Holder (PRH)
			Recurrence	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until neutrophil counts return to 1 x 10⁹ /L or higher. Administer growth factors per clinical guidelines. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Absolute neutrophil count less than 0.5 x 10 ⁹ /L OR Febrile neutropenia	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until neutrophil counts return to 1 x 10⁹ /L or higher. Administer growth factors per clinical guidelines. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Anaemia			
		Haemoglobin less than 8.0 g/dL	Any	 Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose level (see Table 1). Administer blood transfusions per clinical guidelines. 	
		Life-threatening consequences (urgent intervention indicated)	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor hemoglobin until levels return to 8 g/dL or higher. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). Administer blood transfusions per clinical guidelines 	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication			Product Registration Holder (PRH)
	1	Table 4: Dose Modification G	Buidelines for A	Adverse Reactions	
		Adverse Reaction ^a	Occurrence	Action	
		Non-haematologic adverse	e reactions		
		Hyponatraemia			
		Sodium level 130 mmol/L or less	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO and provide appropriate supportive care. Monitor until sodium levels return to 130 mmol/L or higher. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Fatigue			
		Grade 2 lasting greater than 7 days OR Grade 3	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until fatigue resolves to Grade 1 or baseline. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Nausea and vomiting			

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication			Product Registration Holder (PRH)
		Grade 1 or 2 nausea (oral intake decreased without significant weight loss, dehydration or malnutrition) OR Grade 1 or 2 vomiting (5 or fewer episodes per day)	Any	Maintain XPOVIO and initiate additional anti-nausea medicinal products.	
		Grade 3 nausea (inadequate oral caloric or fluid intake) OR Grade 3 or higher vomiting (6 or more episodes per day)	Any	 Interrupt XPOVIO. Monitor until nausea or vomiting has resolved to Grade 2 or lower or baseline. Initiate additional anti-nausea medicinal products. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Diarrhoea			
		Grade 2 (increase of 4 to 6	1 st	 Maintain XPOVIO and institute supportive care. 	
		stools per day over baseline)	2 nd and subsequent	 Reduce XPOVIO by 1 dose level (see Table 1). Institute supportive care. 	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
		Grade 3 or higher (increase of 7 stools or more per day over baseline; hospitalisation indicated) • Interrupt XPOVIO and institute supportive care. • Monitor until diarrhoea resolves to Grade 2 or lower. • Restart XPOVIO r at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1).	
		Weight loss and anorexia	
		Weight loss of 10% to less than 20% OR Anorexia associated with significant weight loss or malnutrition • Interrupt XPOVIO and institute supportive care. • Monitor until weight returns to more than 90% of baseline weight. • Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1).	
		Ocular adverse reactions	
		 Perform ophthalmologic evaluation. Interrupt XPOVIO and provide supportive care. Monitor until ocular symptoms resolve to Grade 1 or baseline. Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). 	
		Grade ≥3, excluding cataract • Permanently discontinue XPOVIO. • Perform ophthalmologic evaluation.	
		Other non-haematologic adverse reactions	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
	Ingredient]	Grade 3 or 4 (life threatening) • Interrupt XPOVIO. • Monitor until resolved to Grade 2 or lower. • Restart XPOVIO at 1 dose level lower (see Table 1). •National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (NCI CTCAE) version 4.03. Special populations Paediatric population The safety and efficacy of XPOVIO in children below the age of 18 years of age have not been established. No data are available. There is no relevant use of XPOVIO in children less than 18 years of age in the treatment of multiple myeloma and diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. Method of administration XPOVIO as a monotherapy in DLBCL indication should be taken orally at approximately the same time on Days 1 and 3 of each week.	

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
3.	CALQUENCE 100MG FILM- COATED TABLET [Acalabrutinib maleate 100mg]	INDICATION: Calquence in combination with venetoclax with or without obinutuzumab is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL). POSOLOGY: The recommended dose of Calquence in monotherapy or in combination with other medicinal products is 100 mg acalabrutinib twice daily (equivalent to a total daily dose of 200 mg). Calquence dose interval is approximately 12 hours. For the combination regimens, refer to the prescribing information of each of the medicinal product for their dosing information (for details of the combination regimens, see section 5.1). Calquence in combination with venetoclax with or without obinutuzumab Treatment with Calquence in combination with venetoclax with or without obinutuzumab, should continue until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity or completion of 14 cycles of treatment (each cycle is 28 days). Calquence should be administered on Day 1 of Cycle 1 for a total of 14 cycles. Venetoclax should be administered on Day 1 of Cycle 3 for a total of 12 cycles, starting at 20 mg and increasing weekly to 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg and finally 400 mg. If Calquence is given in combination with venetoclax and obinutuzumab, obinutuzumab should be administered at 100 mg on Day 1 of Cycle 2, followed by 900 mg which may be administered on Day 1 or 2. Administer obinutuzumab at 1 000 mg on Day 8 and 15 of Cycle 2, followed by 1 000 mg on Day 1 of Cycles 3 to 7. Obinutuzumab is administered for a total of 6 cycles.	ASTRAZENECA SDN. BHD. Level 11 & 12, The Bousteador, No. 10, Jalan PJU 7/6, Mutiara Damansara, 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor.

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indication	Product Registration Holder (PRH)
4.	Beyfortus solution for injection in pre- filled syringe 50 mg/ 0.5 mL Beyfortus solution for injection in pre- filled syringe 100 mg/ 1.0 mL [Nirsevimab 100 mg/ml]	Beyfortus is indicated for the prevention of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) lower respiratory tract disease in children up to 24 months of age who remain vulnerable to severe RSV disease through their second RSV season (see section Pharmacodynamic Properties). POSOLOGY: Children who remain vulnerable to severe RSV disease through their second RSV season The recommended dose is a single dose of 200 mg given as two intramuscular injections (2 x 100 mg). Beyfortus should be administered ideally prior to the start of the second RSV season. For individuals undergoing cardiac surgery with cardiopulmonary bypass, an additional dose may be administered as soon as the individual is stable after surgery to ensure adequate nirsevimab serum levels. If within 90 days after receiving the first dose of Beyfortus, the additional dose during the first RSV season should be 50 mg or 100 mg according to body weight, or 200 mg during the second RSV season. If more than 90 days have elapsed since the first dose, the additional dose could be a single dose of 50 mg regardless of body weight during the first RSV season, or 100 mg during the second RSV season, to cover the remainder of the RSV season. The safety and efficacy of nirsevimab in children aged 2 to 18 years have not been established. No data are available.	SANOFI-AVENTIS (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD. Unit TB-18-1, Level 18, Tower B, Plaza 33, No.1, Jalan Kemajuan, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor.

No.	Product [Active Ingredient]	Additional Indica	Product Registration Holder (PRH)		
5.	IMFINZI CONCENTRATE FOR SOLUTION FOR INTRAVENOUS INFUSION 50 MG/ML [Durvalumab 50 mg/mL]	INDICATION: Small Cell Lung (Interpretation of the Interpretation	ASTRAZENECA SDN. BHD. Level 11 & 12, The Bousteador, No. 10, Jalan PJU 7/6, Mutiara Damansara, 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor.		
		Indication LS-SCLC	Recommended IMFINZI dosage Patients with a body weight of more	Until disease progression,	
			Patients with a body weight of 30 kg or less: 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks or 20 mg/kg every 4 weeks as monotherapy until weight increases to greater than 30 kg.	unacceptable toxicity, or a maximum of 24 months	